

Eidoweb

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Login

Premises

The EIDOWeb user interface is based on HTML pages, therefore the user logs into EIDOWeb by using any desired Internet browser installed on his/her working place, for example Internet Explorer, Opera, Chrome, Firefox etc. Software installations for users are not required.

You have the option of logging on an intranet server. However, this, you need the authorization. The authentication is only possible if you have received a user name and password of your patent department - were so authorized by your patent department. After entering your user and password to access their proprietary EIDOWeb application, where you can make various searches make.

Login

1. Enter your user in the user and password field in the Password field. To move from one field to the next, using the **tab** key.
2. Click the Login button to start the application. Pressing the enter or return key automatically activates the Login button.

Anonymous Optional

Alternatively, users without an own user name and password can login by using the Anonymous button, This account do not allow any data manipulation or evaluations of documents.

Note!

The functionalities of EIDOWeb, which are explained in this help, are only partially available as user "Anonymous".

The funtionality can also be limited to "real" users.

Introduction

Comments on this help

Please note that some of the help texts refer to EIDOWeb modules that you may not use.

Please note that all help texts always describe the usual possibilities of EIDOWeb. However, depending on your EIDOWeb configuration, there may be limitations or extensions.

What is EIDOWeb?

EIDOWeb supports the user in monitoring and decision finding for the IP rights management. Therefore, EIDOWeb provides a customized in-house database in which published technical IP documents (patents, patent applications, utility models) can be stored and searched - documents of the user's company or of third-parties. The database is maintained fully automatically by downloading regularly the newest documents from diverse official patent office servers and then storing the documents in the database. During the storing process, each document can be assigned to one or more users, or a document can be assigned later by an entitled user. Optionally, the user can search the complete database or only the science fields assigned to him/her. IP rights of his/her science fields have to be evaluated or acknowledged by him/her. Optionally, the evaluations can also be shown to other users.

Terms

"patent", "patent application", "utility model", "IP right", "document"

By using exact terminology, EIDOWeb stores data, texts and files for documents belonging to patents, patent applications and utility models, i.e. to technical IP rights. As shorter terminology, the online help texts sometimes use the generic term "IP right" or "document", even if these terms usually also include other IP rights like trademarks which are not supported by EIDOWeb.

Levels

The user moves between different levels within the EIDOWeb application. On each level, the user has access to different functions and options. The levels are:

1. [Login](#)
2. [Queries](#)
3. [Search](#)
4. [Hit list](#) - an overview of all search results
5. [Hit](#) - with detailed data and files for a technical IP right document (patent, patent application, or utility model)

Queries, External

By means of a "search" you search for patent documents, data and/or information based on the search criteria defined by you. In the Select you select a search type for which you like to run the search. Depending on your configuration, the following searches can be started in the menu bar (in the online help texts, only the standard search types are described).

After having selected the search type and the respective Searchmask click on the [*Search*] key to execute the search. For all search types it applies that the execution of a search under the same search criteria can produce different results ([Hit list](#)) at different times, because new documents can have been added to, changed or deleted in the database in the meantime.

Go to the level *Queries* by executing the following:

1. Queries

In the following, you find more information about the query type:

- [Search all documents](#)
- [Search week & monitor profile](#)
- [Search unevaluated doc's](#)
- [Search assigned doc's](#)
- [Search evaluations & monitor profile](#)
- [Archive](#) Optional
- [Clean family search](#)
- [Expert Search](#) Optional

Go to the level *Saved Searches* by executing the following:

1. Saved Searches

In the following, you find more information about the query type:

- [Saved Searches](#) Optional

Go to the level *External* by executing the following:

1. External

In the following, you find more information about the query type:

- Depatisnet... www.depatinet.de
- Espacenet... www.espacenet.com

- USPTO... www.uspto.gov/patents-application-process/search-patents
- [Order any document](#) Optional
- [External](#) Optional

Search all documents

With this search type you search the complete database by means of [filters](#) which are defined on the basis of your search criteria.

After having selected this search type, a form is displayed to you in which you define your search on the basis of your criteria. The results of an executed search - the [Hit list](#) - can be used for narrowing down the search results by using further search criteria on the basis of the last filter. Thus you receive the hits being substantial for you.

You find more information about the search by filter [here](#).

Search week & monitor profile

Search all documents in your EIDOWeb database for a certain year and calendar week of the download date of the documents. Optionally, narrow down your search by additionally selecting a certain Monitor profile. Therefore, fill out the following data fields:

- Year: in four digits (yyyy)
- Calendar week: 1, 2, ..., 52.
- Monitor profile: A Monitor profile controls which documents are downloaded from the Internet and stored in the EIDOWeb database. For example, these profiles can be defined such that they correspond to the search requirements of departments or technical subsections.
(Do not confound a Monitor profile with the [Saved Searches!](#)).

Search unevaluated doc's

Search for all [unevaluated](#) and not [acknowledged](#) documents in the EIDOWeb database.

Search assigned doc's

This search type is similar to [Search all documents](#), but is restricted to searching only through all documents provided by the Monitor Profiles allowed for the user. A filter is offered for defining further search criteria.

Search evaluations & monitor profile

Search for all documents in your EIDOWeb database having been assigned a certain evaluation in a certain period. Optionally, narrow down your search by additionally selecting a certain Monitor profile. Therefore, fill out the following data fields:

- From: Start date of the period in the format DD.MM.YYYY
- To: end date of the period in the format DD.MM.YYYY
- A Monitor profile controls which documents are downloaded from the Internet and stored in the EIDOWeb database. For example, these profiles can be defined such that they correspond to the search requirements of departments or technical subsections.
(Do not confound a Monitor profile with the [Saved Searches!](#)).
- Evaluation: select an individual evaluation criterion, for example "information". [obligatory field]

Search archived doc's optional

The search results of this search type depend on your user-specific rights. You can search in all documents archived by you before by using the functions "Add to archive" and "Remove from archive". This search type is only enabled and displayed, if the user is allowed to archive documents. An [Archive](#) is a user-specific group of documents in the EIDOWeb database. Therefore, different users have different document [Archives](#) and there is no general and same document [Archive](#) across the complete EIDOWeb database for all users. However, a specific document can be stored in different user's [Archives](#), if more than one user adds the same document to his/her personal [Archive](#). Like for the search type [Search all documents](#), a filter is offered here, too, to narrow down your search with the restriction that you search only all documents of your own individual [Archive](#).

Clean family search

Just like for free patent search, but only one member of each patent family will be shown. Which family member will be shown is determined on the basis of the country codes with a predefined list. Also you will be offered a filter for a further definition of search criteria.

Saved Searches optional

Save or load a filter search defined before by you under a name to run this search more than once. Thus, you define a complicated search only once.

[Stored searches](#) (search profiles) are individually defined by a user in his/her EIDOWeb user account, so in general, each user has different search profiles.

The saved searches will be applied separately as a standard for each user, a stored search you name can therefore only be seen by you and the corresponding search can be done by you. A configuration option is the use of shared memory for all users, while the searches are prepared by an administrator and can then be used by all users.

Proceeding

1. In the Saved Searches menu, next to the Execute button, select the name of the to perform searches that you saved earlier.

2. Then click the Execute button.

Order any document Optional

Order any document is optionally displayed depending on your EIDOWeb configuration. Your company in general monitors hundreds or thousands of IP rights. The documents belonging to these IP rights are available as PDF files, for example by downloading the documents from the patent office Internet databases. The plurality of these files would need extensive memory capacities and evoke long process time, if all the files were permanently stored in the EIDOWeb database. Therefore, it is more efficient to provide a single user with a full document only in case he/she really needs it. By clicking this order link, the user sends a request for the actual document to be downloaded as PDF and stored in the EIDOWeb database. EIDOWeb regularly checks all users' document order requests and also other requests like for monitor profiles. A document order request is worked off immediately, if no monitor profile is actually running. If a monitor profile is in work progress, the user's document order has to wait. If there are still other monitor profiles to be started, the user's order request is worked off before the next monitor profile's search and download process is started. Usually, the time between sending the document order and the download of the document takes some minutes. If other EIDOWeb requests are in work progress or limitations for downloading from DEPATISnet are exceeded, it may take a longer time. Refresh/actualize the document details page and check on the Files tab or the Full Document tab whether the download is finished and you can view the full document by clicking the appropriate link. Depending on the configuration, an information email is sent to the user as soon as the document order is worked off. In the course of downloading a full document, the bibliographical data, claims and description and family data are also updated for this document.

Attention! The orders made here will be carried out with a higher priority than the automatic downloads, ie by ordering a very large number of documents, the automatic download is interrupted to download these documents for a long time.

Typing the publication number(s) in the *order list*

- **IMPORTANT:** Enter only ONE publication number per line!
- The syntax of a publication number is: XXNumberY XX stands for the country code (WIPO) and Number or the publication number. Leading zeros can be omitted (EP012345 = EP12345). Please always use the country code, even when downloading a document from the publishing patent office (US123456 , even when downloading from the USPTO).
- Y stands for the document type and can be omitted. If more than one document with the same publication number, but with different types exist, the last document will be downloaded by default. If you want to download a specific document, please add the correct document kind code (Example: for a granted European patent, use 'EP012345B1', for the published document 'EP012345', for a German utility model 'DE12345U').

Optionally, you can assign a profile if you want the fonts to be assigned to this profile.

You can also specify which data should be downloaded. To do this, check the checkbox at:

- Bibliographic data
- PDF-File
- register data
- Drawings
- Legal Status

External Optional

Search directly on DEPATISnet. Use the query syntax from Depatisnet (Mimosa).

In addition, the following options are available:

- In addition, retrieve the summary from the external server
- Result List Sorting
- Mark the hits that already exist in EIDOWeb
- show no drawings
- Display drawings for documents in the EIDOWeb database
- Display mosaic or drawings for documents in the EIDOWeb database

Warning!

This check will slow down the query for large result lists.

Filtering, searching

Search types

Depending on your configuration, the following searches can be started in the menu bar:

Searches

- [Search all documents](#)
- [Search week & monitor profile](#)
- [Search unevaluated doc's](#)
- [Search assigned doc's](#)
- [Search evaluations & monitor profile](#)
- [Search archived doc's](#) Optional
- [Saved Searches](#) Optional
- [Clean family search](#)
- [Expert Search](#) Optional

Extern

- [Order any document](#) Optional
- [External](#) Optional

Search with filters

With the search types [Search all doc's](#), [Search assigned doc's](#), [Search archived doc's](#), and [Clean family search](#) you search for patent information by using a filter which is defined by you on the basis of your search criteria. First the search is defined and then executed. The result of a search is a [">Hit list](#).

The execution search with certain search criteria at different times can lead to different results ([Hit lists](#)), since in the meantime in the data base if necessary new patent rights ([hit](#)) were added, changed or deleted.

Depending upon configuration of your EIDOWeb-Database the filter characteristics and filter terms used can deviate.

Go to level *Search* by:

1. Queries
 1. start a Search

In the following one you find to more information to the topics:

- [Enter filters](#)
- [Presetting](#)
- [Date-fields](#)
- [Bracket rules](#)
- [Searches without restrictions / searches all](#)
- [The Operator "auto"](#)
- [Fields with extended search possibilities](#)
- [Examples](#)
- [Correct filters](#)

Enter filters

1. Select with [Queries](#) a search with filter.
2. One or more filter lines with the following fields are indicated to them:

The image shows a search filter interface with two rows of filter fields. Each row consists of four main components: a field for the search criteria, a dropdown menu for the operator (set to 'auto'), a text input field for the search value (containing 'Suchwert'), and a dropdown menu for the logical connector (set to 'und').

3. Select in the second field the Search-field, for which is to be searched.
4. Select in the third field the operator.
5. Enter in the fourth field the value which can be looked for.
6. In order to look for several search-fields, you can use the second, third, etc. filterrows and repeat the previous steps. The filter rows are linked in each case with the *and* , *or* , *and not* of the previous filter row.
7. Click the [*Search*] key.
8. A [Hit list](#) with the search results are automatically created and showed.

Presetting

You can fall back to the pre-setting of the individual filter rows. As pre-setting in addition the most important search fields are adjusted. You can change by clicking the drop down arrow the filter field. Altogether a larger number of filter fields is to you at the disposal, which you can link with a filter input according to your defaults. Read in addition also the [examples](#).

Date-fields

If the search-field is a date-field (e.g. Application Date), must the date always enter in the form *dd.mm.yyyy* , e.g. *01.06.1978* for the June, 1. 1978. You can only search in date-fields with the operators *date is*, *is before date* and *is after date* . Note that this is not the presetting for date fields. You must select the right operator manually.

Example

	Anmeldetag	ist a	01.06.1978		und
	Volltext	auto	Suchwert		und

Bracket rules

To combine optimal many search criteria, you can use brackets. Here some the most important bracket rules:

- Set the brackets in Opening- and Closing-bracket suitably to each other. In all filter-rows the number of Opening-brackets are the same as Closing-brackets. It will only use the brackets in the filter-rows where a value entered.
- Brackets are only meaningfully, if you use at least 3 filter rows.
- You don't need any brackets, if you link **all** filter-rows with "and".
- Also you don't need any brackets, if you link **all** filter-rows with "or".
- If you set a opening-bracket you must set the closing-bracket in the next filter-row.

Example

If you search for a patent document in the countries Germany, USA *or* United Kingdom *and* the application date is after 01. January 2000, the search looks like this:

(Pub.Nr. der Patentschrift	auto	DE		oder
	Pub.Nr. der Patentschrift	auto	US		oder
	Pub.Nr. der Patentschrift	auto	UK)	und
	Anmeldetag	liegt r	01.01.2000		und
	Erfinder	auto	Suchwert		und

Searches without restrictions / searches all

If you search without any restrictions you will get all documents in the database. For that you enter no value and click directly the [Search] key.

Reference!

The compilation of the hit list of all data records requires substantial Performance. This can take a very long time.

The Operator "auto"

The operator "auto" sets automatically useful Wildcards. The following list shows which truncation is used for which field:

- **Right Truncation**

Application Number, Family, National Classes, IPC, Priority and Citation

- **Left and Right Truncation**

Pub.No. Patent

There are none automatically wildcards settings for the other fields.

Reference!

On Field **Pub.No. Patent** you must use the operator "**auto**". Otherwise you get no results.

Fields with extended search possibilities

In following search-fields you can enter and execute special search instructions:

- Fulltext
- Applicant
- Inventor
- Priority
- IPC-Classes
- National Classes
- Family
- Citation
- Evaluation Criterion
- Title

With this fields you can only use this operators: *auto*, *equals* and "*the empty Operator*". Note that with the operator auto set automatically wildcards. See also [The Operator "auto"](#).

With these search-fields you can enter more than one value in the value-field.

On this you can use:

1. the Operators: **and**, **or** and **not**
2. the Wildcards: % (like *) and _ (like ?)
3. the Brackets: (and)
4. the Escape-Keys: {} and \ if you need search for command character (e.g. %).

On all these special fields always searched case insensitive.

Reference!

Please use if possible no special character. The most of them (* and ?) are also a command character, but not all implemented yet. So they can be interpreted wrong and you get a wrong search result. If you must search a special character, please enter Escape-Key \ before or set the whole search in {}-brackets.

Reference!

Avoid if possible the logical operator *or* between filter rows. Because a search with *or* with these special search-fields can take a very long time.

Example 1

Search in the full text for car and engine. Searched with the operator *auto* for car and engine case insensitive. In the text are found e.g. *car*, *engine*.



The screenshot shows a search interface with three rows of search criteria. The first row has 'Pub.Nr. der Patentschrift' selected, the second row has 'Volltext' selected, and the third row has 'Titel' selected. The search term 'Auto and Motor' is entered in the search field, and the operator 'auto' is selected for each row. The search results are displayed as 'Auto and Motor'.

Example 2

Search in the full text for car and engine. Searched with the operator *equals* or with the *empty* operator for exact car and engine case insensitive. In the text are found e.g. *car*, *engine* or *Car*, *ENGINE*.



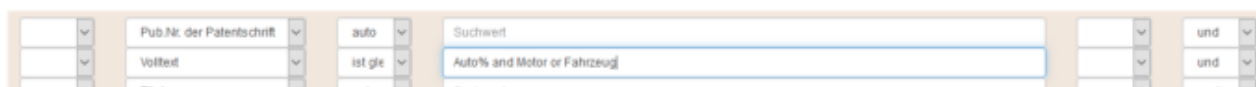
The screenshot shows a search interface with three rows of search criteria. The first row has 'Pub.Nr. der Patentschrift' selected, the second row has 'Volltext' selected, and the third row has 'Titel' selected. The search term 'Auto and Motor' is entered in the search field, and the operator 'ist gle' is selected for each row. The search results are displayed as 'Auto and Motor'.

Example 3

Search in the full text for car and engine or vehicle. Searched with the operator *equals* or with the *empty* operator for all that begins with car and has in addition exact engine or vehicle in the text.

[Syntax (car% and engine) or vehicle]

In the text are found e.g. *carwasch*, *engine* and texts with *vehicle*.



The screenshot shows a search interface with three rows of search criteria. The first row has 'Pub.Nr. der Patentschrift' selected, the second row has 'Volltext' selected, and the third row has 'Titel' selected. The search term 'Auto% and Motor or Fahrzeug' is entered in the search field, and the operator 'ist gle' is selected for each row. The search results are displayed as 'Auto% and Motor or Fahrzeug'.

Examples

1. Search for inventors

1. Select in the search-field Inventor.
2. Enter in the value-field the name of the inventor. It must not be the whole name of the inventor. You can also enter a part of the Name. For that you need to select the "auto" operator.
3. On executing the searches all IP-rights in your EIDOWeb database will be shown, in which this/these inventor/inventors is/are named. Note that the inventor name is not shown in the hit-list. The Inventor showed on the hit page on the register card *Bibliographical data*.

Example

A search interface with a dropdown menu set to 'Erfinder', an operator dropdown set to 'auto', a text input field containing 'Maler', and a dropdown menu set to 'und'.

2. Application number

Select in the search-field the Application number. Enter in the value-field the whole or a part of the Application number. Click on [Search] key to get the hit-list. With a click on the patent document you get detailed information.

Example

A search interface with a dropdown menu set to 'Aktenzeichen Anmeldung', an operator dropdown set to 'auto', a text input field containing 'EP123', and a dropdown menu set to 'und'.

3. Countries

If you search for countries, than

1. select in the search-field *Pub. No. Patent* .
2. select the operator *auto* .
3. Enter in the value-field the two character of the ISO-LandCode (Wipo ST.9), e.g. *DE* for Germany, *GB* für United Kingdom or *WO* for PCT-patents.

Example

A search interface with a dropdown menu set to 'Pub.Nr. der Patentschrift', an operator dropdown set to 'auto', a text input field containing 'WO', and a dropdown menu set to 'und'.

4. Link from expressions

They can represent a complex search inquiry by linkages of the expressions *and*, *or* and *and not* with the parenthesis instructions in several filter-rows. With the relationship of the individual filter-rows among themselves the [bracket rules](#). By a complex search inquiry you can limit so the result hit-list to the relevant hit. They can be able to be indicated in this way for example only those documents, which do not exhibit a certain component:

- Select for example in the first and second filter-row in each case the *Application number* for the search-field.
- These two filter-rows link you with the bool function *and not* in the first filter-row.
- In the first filter-row you indicate in the value-field the smallest common denominator of all that you to interesting documents.
- In the second filter-row you enter that component in the value-field, which is not to be indicated.
- After manipulation the search results contain all documents with file references [*search*] of the key in the hit-list in accordance with the first filter-row, however without the file references in accordance with the second filter-row. They can out-provoke this search function by use of the parenthesis instruction and further filter-rows still further.

Example

	Altzeichen Anmeldung	auto	AZ123		und n
	Offenlegungstag	auto	AZ123456		und

Correct filters

If you would like to correct the search criteria in your search and extend or make your filter expression smaller, use please the [*Back*]-key of your browsers. Only in this way you can get the old filter expression. After this you can change the filter and research with a click on the Search-key.

Hit list

After having [selected](#) a search type, maybe defined the filter (not for saved and reloaded searches) and run the [search](#) by clicking the [Search] button, a hit list of the search results is displayed. The hit list provides an overview of all found documents and contains only the most important data like title, publication date, applicant, document number.

The hit lists for a specific search executed at different points of time may differ because documents may have been added, deleted, or modified in the meantime.

Go to the level *Hit list* do:

1. Queries
 1. start a search
 2. Hit list is displayed

Functions

- [Browse through the Hit list \(navigation\)](#)
- [View all search results on one page](#)
- [Open document details or search view \(Hit\)](#)

- [Print Hit list](#)
- [Sort Hit list](#)
- [Export Hit list](#)
- [Configure result lists](#)
- [Evaluate in the Hit list](#) Optional

- [Save search profile](#) Optional
- [Load and execute search profile](#) Optional
- [Delete search profile](#) Optional
- [Modify a saved search profile, save search profile under](#) Optional
- [Open search profile](#) Optional

- [The hits column evaluation \(Eva.\)](#)

Browse through the Hit list (navigation)

By default, 20 hits of all hits are displayed on one page. Click the arrows in the navigation bar to browse through the hit list. With and move the list forward or backward by 20 hits. Jump to the beginning or end of the hit list with or . Alternatively, you can also display all hits in the overview (up to 9999 hits). You can also use [Ctrl+, ,] for and [Ctrl+, ,] for scrolling.

View all search results on one page

Click the button in the navigation bar to view all search results in the hit list on one page instead of only [20 hits per page](#). Be aware that this may cause browser problems, if the hit list is very long and the browsers cannot display the complete hit list, or the server prohibits displaying the long list.

Open document details or search view (Hit)

Hit lists have links to the document details or search view for a patent.

- You open the document details by clicking on the title in the Hit list. Then additional information, such as Bibliographical data, appears for your selected match.
- You can open the search view by clicking on the button with the number of lines. The search view is always opened in the same window, so you can display the hit list next to the window with the search view. In the search view, you can only read and do nothing else. The menu is also reduced to the essentials. The bibliographic data is hidden by default, and the Description tab also displays the mosaic, if any.

Sort Hit list

Sort the Hit list by clicking the column heading fields. In case of the same entry in a specific column for two lines, the order is maintained and enables thus sorting the Hit list subsequently by more than one criterion.

Export Hit list

Click the Export link in the menu bar to export the complete Hit list. Depending on the configuration, diverse formats and/or data fields are available, e.g., XML (Extensible Markup Language), or CSV (Comma Separated Values) formats. Edit, modify and/or add information to the exported hit lists by using a spreadsheet program. Also available PDF and Excel.

Example: Hit list export to MS Excel

1. Wählen Sie im Menü Hit list Export aus.
2. Klicken Sie auf *Excel Export* und speichern Sie die Datei in einem Verzeichnis Ihrer Wahl. Als Standardname wird *eidoweb_<datum>.xls* angeboten, der in diesem Beispiel weiter verwendet wird.
3. Excel öffnen
4. und die Datei *export.xls* öffnen
5. Die Datensätze liegen nun in Zeilen und Spalten der Tabelle geordnet vor. Modifizieren und formatieren Sie anschließend die Tabelle individuell nach Ihren Wünschen. Diese Formatierung können Sie natürlich auch für andere Hit listn wiederverwenden, die Sie mit EIDOWeb erstellt haben.

Configure result lists optional

Below the result list you can find the configuration for the list. With the generation of the result list you have the possibility to compile this list individually having regard to given fields.

Evaluate in the Hit list optional

You will find the evaluation buttons either below the hit list or in the left menu. To do this, click on to show the menu. In the left menu, click on "Your evaluation:" so that the rating buttons are displayed.

To rate, in the last column of the hit list , check the checkbox. Then click on the corresponding evaluation button.

With the buttons and you can check or uncheck all displayed lines.

Save search profile optional

Save a search defined before by a filter under a name to run this search more than once. Thus, the user needs to define a complicated search only once. Search profiles are individually defined by a user in his/her user account, so in general, each user has different search profiles. A search can only be saved or loaded on the hit list level as follows:

1. Go to a hit list for which you want to save the search criteria.
2. Enter the name of the search in the menu bar next to the 'save' link.
3. Click the 'save'. The search is now stored in the search profile storage.
4. The search name can now be selected and started by clicking the 'load' link in the menu bar.

Load and execute search profile optional

A previously saved search, you can load and execute at the level selection or hit like this:

1. The selection or any hit list is displayed.
2. Choose from two cases, always in the menu bar in the search profile storage section next to the link, type the name of the next search to be carried out in the list box.
3. Click in the menu bar in the search profile storage section running on the link.
4. The corresponding hit list is displayed.
5. In the selection and further hit will always display the last used search name and the associated end search can be run again.

Delete search profile optional

A search can only be deleted on the Hit list level as follows:

1. Go to any Hit list.
2. Select the name of the search to be deleted in the menu bar next to the 'delete' link.
3. Click the 'delete' link. The search is now removed from the search profile storage.

Modify a saved search profile, save search profile under optional

Actually, the user cannot modify the filter definition of a previously saved search. This function is planned for future EIDOWeb versions. Similarly, a saved search cannot be saved under a different name or copied.

Open search profile optional

A previously saved search, you can open the selection or hit levels as follows:

1. The selection or any hit list is displayed.
2. Choose from two cases, always in the menu bar in the search profile storage section next to the link
Open the name of the next zu öffnenden search in the list box.
3. Click in the menu bar in the search profile storage section on the link Open.
4. Die zugehörige Hit list wird angezeigt.
5. The corresponding search is displayed.

The hits column evaluation (Eva.)

With this column, you can quickly see whether you have evaluated the document, or one family member..

: indicates that you have evaluated this document.

: indicates that you have evaluated one family member.

Hit (document details)

Click a document link in the hit list to view all available detail data and texts of this single document.

Go to level *Hit* do:

1. Queries
 1. start a search
 2. Hit list
 3. Hit is displayed

Content

The tabs of the main window contain the following data, texts and links for a single document:

- [Bibliographical data](#)
- Abstract, First Claim including any existing [Drawings](#)
- [Family](#) Optional
- Files (of family data)
- Claims
- Description
- PDF-File (if exists) PDF [**Ctrl+Alt+X**]
- [Evaluation](#)
- [Mosaic](#) (if exists) Optional
- [Legal status](#) Optional
- [Register data](#) Optional
- [Citing documents](#) Optional

Functions

- [Browse through document details](#)
- [Back to hit list](#)
- two levels back to [Search](#)

For a selected Hit below the tabs:

- you can evaluate [depending on your user rights].

For a selected Hit, by clicking on the corresponding button in the menu:

- set [Catchphrases](#) to the Hit [depending on your user rights] [**Ctrl+Alt+C**]
- acknowledge the Hit ([Acknowledge](#)) [depending on your user rights]
- add to the [Archive](#) [depending on your user rights]

- [Forward for evaluation](#), to have another user perform an evaluation [depending on your user rights] [**Ctrl+Alt+W**]
- send a [Email for information](#) to another user [**Ctrl+Alt+I**]
- [Order full document](#) [**Ctrl+Alt+O**]
- [Print](#) an abstract of the patent [**Ctrl+Alt+P**]

Bibliographical data

With the button you can show or hide the Bibliographical data.

You will be shown the Bibliographical data of the patent.

- For patent number and publication number, a link at the Espacenet deposited.
- For the IPC classes, a link to the IPC directory at the DPMA deposited.
- At the family link, the red links point to Espacenet and the green one to the EIDOWeb.
- For the citations a link to the Espacenet is deposited. Also you can order the patent with the button .
- At the catch phrases, you can remove the catchphrase by click on the link [depending on your user rights].

Drawing/Mosaic Optional

Double-click on the drawing / Mosaic to open it in a new window. There you can turn the drawing with the help of the buttons.

When you double-click the drawing, it disappears from the detail view. This remains hidden as long as the extra drawing window is open. If the window is closed, you can display the drawing in the detail view again by updating the hit.

When the window is open, the drawings / mosaic are updated when you change the hit in the detail view.

Family and Legal status Optional

This data are loaded online from the Open-Patent-Service.

Register data optional

The following register data are loaded online:

- DE of DPinfo ®
- EP and WO of EPOline ®
- For US only a link to the USPair ® is displayed, as a direct opening is not possible.

All other countries are ignored.

Citing documents Optional

The Citing documents are loaded online from the Open-Patent-Service.

Browse through document details

With the arrows in the navigation bar, you browse in the document details. The single arrow moves the view by 1 hit in each case, while the double arrow moves you to the beginning or end of the document details. Also you can use the shortcuts [Ctrl+,] für und [Ctrl+.] für .

Back to hot list

With the button , you will back to the hit list.

Catchphrases [Ctrl+Alt+C] depending on user authorization

Catchphrases are to be defined in EIDOp^{at} for EIDOWeb by an administrator; see the Administration Guide. In EIDOWeb, the user can

- assign one or more of the previously defined catchphrases to a document depending on the science field,
- search for all documents to which catchphrases have been assigned before by selecting a search type with a filter, and here go to the last filter line which is specifically reserved for searching Catchphrases.

The catchphrase tree illustrates the relations and hierarchies between the diverse catchphrases.

Go to the catchphrase tree as follows:

1. Queries
 1. start a search
 2. Hit list
 3. Hit is displayed
 4. Hit
 1. Catchphrase [Ctrl+Alt+C]

Go to the Catchphrases of a document as follows>:

1. Queries
 1. start a search
 2. Hit list
 3. Hit is displayed
 4. *Bibliographical data*
 5. *Catchphrases*

Find more information by clicking the following links:

- [Catchphrase hierarchies in tree](#)
- [Creating catchphrases](#)
- [Assign a catchphrase](#)
- [Search catchphrase in the tree](#)
- [View catchphrases](#)
- [Search for catchphrases](#)
- [Remove a catchphrase assignment](#)

Catchphrase hierarchies in tree

For a selected topic you know you surely soon fall a number of catchphrase that you associate with the topic. These tags can be divided into upper and lower terms. This can be continued as desired and finely divided. A tree structure is created when all CatchPhrases the hierarchy represented by graphically so that a narrower term is arranged to another term under this term.

Example:

tripod
microscope table
tube
Optical device
telescope

Creating catchphrases

Subjects for the tree structure can only be created by your IP department.

Assign a catchphrase

CatchPhrases are always associated with a single document (hit). CatchPhrases can not be assigned to several rights simultaneously in one step, that is, you can not assign a hit list CatchPhrases.

Assign a catchphrase

1. Go to the document to which you want to assign one or more catchphrases.
2. Go to the Bibliographical Data. In the line Catchphrases, you see all catchphrases previously assigned to the actual document, at the beginning there are no assigned catchphrases.
3. In the menu bar click Hit and then the link Catchphrase Tree [**Ctrl+Alt+C**] or use the button . A new window opens showing the entire set of catchphrases across the complete EIDOWeb or EIDOp^{at} database in tree structure. No second window will be opened, if a catchphrase tree has been opened before. Be aware that some or at the beginning all of the catchphrases might not be assigned to documents! Therefore, the catchphrase tree does not only contain the catchphrases for a single document but all catchphrases defined in EIDOp^{at}. As mentioned above, the catchphrases cannot be modified or deleted in the EIDOWeb catchphrase tree, but only in EIDOp^{at}.
4. By clicking the + or - signs, open or close the sub-trees in the catchphrase tree window. Click all the catchphrases you want to assign to the actual document.
You can use [**Alt+N**] to navigate through the catchword tree, the next catchword is always selected. Attention! The catchword is accepted with a double-click or with [**Alt+H**].
5. After having assigned all catchphrases, close the catchphrase tree window. Any number of catchphrases can be assigned to a document.
6. The Catchphrases line of the Bibliographical Data now shows also the newly assigned catchphrases.

7. If the administrator opens the same document in EIDOp*at*, the same catchphrases are shown here, because EIDOweb and EIDOp*at* use the same database.

Search catchphrase in the tree

You can search catchwords in the tree by entering your search in the search field [**Alt+F**]. Wildcard searches * are allowed. The search is case-insensitive.

With the button GO [**Alt+L**] you start the search. To continue searching, click on the button again or [**Alt+L**].

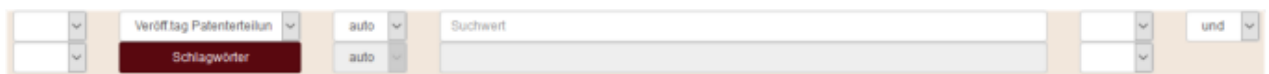
View catchphrases

All catchphrases assigned to a document (show.jsp) are displayed in the *Bibliographical data* tab, and here in the line *Catchphrases*. The catchphrases can be seen here by all users allowed to this document. The catchphrase tree consisting of all previously catchphrases across all documents is displayed in a window as described above.

Search for catchphrases

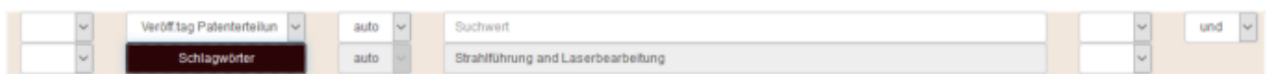
Find all rights that contain one or more certain CatchPhrases, as follows:

1. Go to [Queries](#).
2. Select a search type which supports the search for catchphrases, for example 'Search all doc's'.
3. Go to the last filter line which differs from the filter lines before and is configured for searching catchphrases.



The screenshot shows a search interface with a dropdown menu on the left, a search field containing 'Suchwert', and a 'Schlagwörter' button. There are also 'Veröff tag Patenterteilun' and 'auto' labels above the search field.

4. Click the link Catchphrases. The catchphrase tree window will be opened.
5. Click all catchphrases for which you want to search the EIDOweb database. The selected catchphrases will automatically be imported to the value field and linked with the AND conjunction. Thus, you always search for example for catchphrase_1 AND catchphrase_2 AND catchphrase_2. Actually, a search with the OR conjunction is not supported by EIDOweb, but is planned.



The screenshot shows a search interface with a dropdown menu on the left, a search field containing 'Strahlführung and Laserbearbeitung', and a 'Schlagwörter' button. There are also 'Veröff tag Patenterteilun' and 'auto' labels above the search field.

6. Close the catchphrase tree window after having selected all catchphrases.
7. Click the [Search] button to start the search for catchphrases.
8. A hit list with the search results will be displayed.

Remove a catchphrase assignment

1. In EIDOWeb, go to the document for which you want to delete an assignment of one or more catchphrases.
2. Go to the Catchphrases line in the Bibliographical Data.
3. All catchphrases are displayed as links. Click the link of a catchphrase for which you want to delete the assignment to the actual document and acknowledge the deletion. The catchphrase assignment to the actual document is now deleted.
4. Now the catchphrase assignments are deleted.

Acknowledge depending on user authorization

Highlight fast "seen" in a hit more rights than and then jump automatically to the next hit.

Go to the function *Acknowledge* do:

1. Queries
 1. start a search
 2. Hit list
 3. Hit is displayed
 4. Acknowledge

Proceeding

1. Select a hit (single patent, patent application or utility model).
2. Click in the Acknowledge to set the selected property right note.
3. The hit is thus out of the hit list is not yet rated Results (Queries -> Search unevaluated doc's) deleted.
4. In this way, highlight the hit as "seen" and then automatically jump to the next hit in the present hit list.

Evaluation depending on user authorization

At the bottom of the main window of a document and if the actual document is assigned to the user, the user may acknowledge the document, evaluate it, and/or add a remark.

Go to the function *evaluation* or the *evaluation* data:

1. Queries
 1. start a search
 2. Hit list
 3. Hit is displayed
 4. *Evaluation* above tabs or tab evaluation

Evaluate a document

1. Click assigned to review or want to see in the hit for you.
2. Go if necessary using the arrow buttons in the bottom of the screen. There are below the tab diverse fields for the review.
3. In the list box, you can select a comment about the present health legislation. That is possible provided an evaluation matrix with different criteria. By defining and evaluating your criteria You get a quick overview of the importance of individual rights.
4. In Reviews text box you can enter the information you are interested.
5. Clicking the button [Evaluate] evaluation is saved and completed. All authorized users can view the review.
6. It can be made to reviews any changes. Only new reviews are completed. Thus, a documentation of reviews is guaranteed.

Instead make itself a review for a hit, you can ask another user to post a review. Make use of the function Forward for evaluation. These users must have permission *zudürfen* write reviews.

Define evaluation criteria

The assessment criteria are set by your IP department.

Forward for evaluation [Ctrl+Alt+W] depending on user authorization

On a document's details page, click the 'Forward for evaluation' link to select other users or user groups who should view and evaluate the actual document. The handling is similar to assigning catchphrases to document.

Go to *Forward for evaluation* do:

1. Queries
 1. start a search
 2. Hit list
 3. Hit is displayed
 4. Hit
 1. Forward for evaluation [Ctrl+Alt+W]

Proceeding

1. Open the window "Forward for evaluation".
2. If necessary, enter a comment in the comment box.
3. By clicking the plus or minus signs, open or close the sub-trees in the user and user groups window. Click all the users and user groups you want to allow for the actual document by clicking the respective links.
Attention! The transfer of the user / group is done with a double-click or with [Alt+H]
4. After having selected all users and user groups, close the user and user groups window. A document can be forwarded to any number of users and user groups. If you select a user group, the actual document will be forwarded to all users assigned to this group.
5. The technical assignment of the user and user groups to a document is done by EIDOp_{at} for EIDOweb in the background. Depending on the configuration, further processes may be started when forwarding a document to a user/ user group, for example an information email will be sent.

By default, the Evaluator - the user to whom the document has been forwarded for evaluation - is not automatically informed by EIDOweb about a new document to be evaluated by him/her. So usually the Evaluator runs regularly the search for unevaluated documents and works off the Hit list by evaluating document by document. Alternatively, EIDOweb can be configured so that an email is sent automatically to the Evaluator, if a specific number of documents is not evaluated, or if another user forwarded a document manually to him/her.

Search User/Group in the Tree

You can search users / groups in the tree by entering your search in the search field [Alt+F]. Wildcard searches * are allowed. The search is case-insensitive.

With the button GO [Alt+L] you start the search. To continue searching, click on the button again or [Alt+L].

Email for information [Ctrl+Alt+I]

If you are in a single document (hit), so you can to send an email to any user or send.

Go to *Email for information* do:

1. Queries
 1. start a search
 2. Hit list
 3. Hit is displayed
 4. Hit
 1. Email for information [Ctrl+Alt+I]

Proceeding

1. Click in the menu hit on email for information
2. Your email program will automatically create a mail draft in which the text automatically includes a link to the selected rights.
3. In the usual way, you add the desired text and send the email.

Order full document [Ctrl+Alt+O]

Your company in general monitors hundreds or thousands of IP rights. The documents belonging to these IP rights are available as PDF files, for example by downloading the documents from the patent office Internet databases. The plurality of these files would need extensive memory capacities and evoke long process time, if all the files were permanently stored in the EIDOWeb database. Therefore, it is more efficient to provide a single user with a full document only in case he/she really needs it. By clicking the 'Order full doc' link, the user sends a request for the actual document to be downloaded and stored in the EIDOWeb database.

EIDOWeb regularly checks these and other requests, and if there are enough requests, EIDOWeb starts to work off all requests. The time between sending the order request until the download of the document may take a few seconds or some hours depending on EIDOWeb's workload and Internet accessibility (some hours is the exception!). Check on the Files tab or the Full Document tab whether the download is finished and you can view the full document by clicking the appropriate link. Depending on the configuration, an information email is sent to the user as soon as the order request is worked off. In the course of downloading a full document, the bibliographical data, claims and description and family data may also be updated for this document.

Go to *Order full document* do:

1. Queries
 1. start a search
 2. Hit list
 3. Hit is displayed
 4. Hit
 1. Order full document [Ctrl+Alt+O]

Terms "full text", "Full document"

The terms "full text" and "Full document" are used within EIDOWeb in different contexts:

- "full text" : a search option that lets you search for keywords in: Title, Abstract, Claims and Description.
- "Full document" : PDF file, all texts and tasks (original document) contains about Abstract, drawings Bibliographical data, Claims, Description.

Proceeding

In the display a hit (an intellectual property right) several tabs are displayed, including the tab full writing unless a full signature is present. Is not present the title element, you can order the full script, if you want to see it:

1. Click in the hit for which you want to order the full text than click in the menu hit on Order full document.
2. A new window will appear, informing you of the task order.

3. EIDOWeb collects orders received of all users and processes them in succession. This may take a few minutes to hours depending on the size of the file number of ordered full fonts and other orders and load the Internet.
4. If EIDOWeb process your order, the full font is downloaded from the Internet.
5. Call the PDF file for full writing then in tab full writing the hit on.

Note! By default they are not notified that the full font was downloaded and posted on the system.

The need to set up your patent department.

Print

Print Hit [Ctrl+Alt+P]

You can print the selected [Hit](#).

Go to *Print* do:

1. Queries
 1. start a search
 2. Hit list
 3. Hit is displayed
 4. Hit
 1. Print [Ctrl+Alt+P]

Proceeding

1. Click in the left Menu on the link Print.
2. A new window is opening.
3. Than you must use the print function of your Browser.

Print Hit list [Ctrl+Alt+P]

You can print the selected [Hit list](#).

Go to *Print* do:

1. Queries
 1. start a search
 2. Hit list is displayed
 3. Hit list
 1. Print [Ctrl+Alt+P]

Proceeding

1. Click in the left Menu on the link Print.
2. A new window is opening.
3. Than you must use the print function of your Browser.

Work with several windows

Sometime for your work with EIDOWeb it can be easier, if you work with several EIDOWeb-windows. On starting EIDOWeb always only one window is opened. Examples of the meaningful use of several windows:

- You would like see a Hit list and in addition the Hit.
- You would like read the Help of a function and in a serveral Window see how the function work.

Open a new Window

1. A EIDOWeb-Window, that you double, is activ.
2. Click the keys **CTRL + N**. A new window with the same contents opened.
3. If you click links in the new window the data in the old window will be always the same.

Between the windows change

With the keys **ALT + TAB** you will change between the windows.

Close a window

To close a window click the keys **ALT + F4** or use the window close button [x].

EIDOWeb in Different Languages

In the Internet you often find web pages in more than one language. Therefore, the standard *content negotiation* has been developed. This standard enables the user to define his/her preferred languages in which he/she wants to read the web pages. The webpage version is then "negotiated" between your browser and the website server: the browser sends your language settings to the server which then decides which version is passed back.

What to do if a web page is displayed in a wrong language?

The first and most possible reason why a web page is displayed in a wrong language is a browser not configured for the preferred language. Please read the paragraph about [How to configure the language settings](#) to solve this problem.

The second reason concerns defective or incorrectly configured caches. This is a growing problem, because more and more ISPs see a way in caches to reduce the network traffic. Please read the paragraph about [Remark about buffering web servers](#), if you think that you do not use any such server.

The third reason is that the EIDOLOGIC web server causes problems. However, this has occurred only in a few cases so far. Therefore, please check at first the first two reasons before contacting us.

After having solved the language problem, please remove everything from your local cache - from the hard disk and from the storage) in your browser, before starting again EIDOWeb.

How to configure the language settings

Set the preferred language in your browser

The standard language is defined by a browser variable which is transmitted to the web server:

FireFox

Tools -> Options -> Advanced -> Edit language

Internet Explorer Windows

Tools or View or Extras -> Internet Options -> (General) Languages

Internet Explorer MacOS

Edit -> Preferences -> Web Browser -> Languages / Fonts

Opera Windows/MaxOS

File -> Preferences -> Languages

Chrome

Preferences -> Extended -> Languages -> Language

Stopwords

0
0
0.5
1
1
1.5
10
100
102
104
106
11
110
112
12
120
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150
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180
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1A
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2A
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ABLE
ABOUT

ABOVE
ABSCHNITT
ABSEITS
ABZÜGLICH
ACCORDING
ACCORDINGLY
ACHT
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ACTUALLY
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ANDEREN
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ANGEBRACHTER
ANGEBRACHTES
ANGEGEBEN
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ANGEORDNETEN
ANGEORDNETER
ANGEORDNETES
ANGESICHTS
ANHAND
ANLÄßLICH
ANORDNUNG
ANOTHER
ANS
ANSCHLIESSEND
ANSPRUCH
ANSPRÜCHE
ANSTATT
ANY
ANYBODY
ANYHOW
ANYONE

ANYTHING
ANYWAY
ANYWAYS
ANYWHERE
APART
APPEAR
APPRECIATE
APPROPRIATE
APRIL
ARC
ARE
AREA
AREAS
AREN'T
ARM
AROUND
ART
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ASIDE
ASK
ASKED
ASKING
ASKS
ASSOCIATED
AT
AU
AUCH
AUCUNS
AUF
AUGUST
AUS
AUSFÜHRUNGSBEISPIEL
AUSFÜHRUNGSFORM
AUSLASSEN
AUSSCHLIEßLICH
AUSSI
AUTRE
AUßER
AUßERDEM
AUßERHALB
AVAILABLE
AVANT
AVE
AVEC

AVOIR
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BECOMING
BEDEUTEN
BEDEUTET
BEEN
BEFESTIGT
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BEFESTIGTEN
BEFESTIGTER
BEFESTIGTES
BEFINDET
BEFORE
BEFOREHAND
BEGAN
BEGRIFF

BEHALTEN
BEHIND
BEI
BEIDE
BEIDEN
BEIDER
BEIDES
BEIM
BEINAHE
BEING
BEINGS
BEISPIEL
BEISPIELE
BEKANNT
BEKANNTE
BEKANNTEM
BEKANNTEN
BEKANNTER
BEKANNTES
BEKOMMEN
BELIEVE
BELOW
BEREITS
BERGAB
BERGAUF
BESCHRIEBEN
BESCHRIEBENEM
BESCHRIEBENEN
BESCHRIEBENER
BESCHRIEBENES
BESIDE
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Shortcuts

Global

F1

Show these help pages

Hit list and detail display

[Ctrl+,]

Scroll down in the hit list or in the detail view

[Ctrl+.]

Scroll forward in the hit list or in the detail view

Hit list

[Ctrl+#]

show All hits

Detail display

[Ctrl+<]

Return to result list

[Ctrl+Alt+C]

Open window for assigning the catchwords

[Ctrl+Alt+I]

Open "Email for information"

[Ctrl+Alt+O]

Order eido:i18n context="addon" message="order" />

[Ctrl+Alt+P]

Open print view of detail view

[Ctrl+Alt+W]

Open Forward for evaluation

[Ctrl+Alt+X]

Open the PDF

Treeviews

[Alt+N]

Jump to the next entry

[Alt+H]

pick up selected entry

[Alt+F]

Jump to the search input field
[Alt+L]
Start search or continue searching

Expert Search

The Expert mode allows to create individual and complex search queries. Use all available search queries in an empty query box or create complex search queries with Boolean Operators.

The Expert mode may be the preferred search mode for experienced searchers, familiar with patent searches. In contrast to the Beginner's mode a large search query box is provided for entering search terms and the respective operators; the prescribed syntax must be followed exactly.

Choose from a list of available fields in which fields you want to search. Click on the chosen field to transmit it to the search query box. You can also directly enter the field code in the search query box.

Note!

Please use double quotes (") around each search term. All date values need to be entered in the format **DD.MM.YYYY**

The maximum length of an expert query is limited to approx. **4000 characters**.

Operators

BOOLEAN OPERATORS

& AND

| OR

~ AND NOT

COMPARISON OPERATORS

= equal to

> greater than only possible for date fields

< less than only possible for date fields

>= greater than or equal to only possible for date fields

<= less than or equal to only possible for date fields

is null

!# is not null

GROUPING

(left parenthesis

) right parenthesis

TRUNCATION/WILDCARDS

- * no characters to any number of characters
- % no characters to any number of characters
- ? precisely one character
- _ precisely one character

NEAR OPERATOR

!["word1","word2",...;max_span;order] The terms follow directly, orderd or not orderd.

At the bottom of the search form two buttons are provided:

Search Submit your request by clicking the "Start Search" button. The hits will be displayed in the form of a result list.

Reset Press the "Reset" button to reset the search form with their inital values.

NEAR Operator

!["WORD1","WORD2",...;max_span;order]

Use the NEAR operator to return a score based on the proximity of two or more query terms. You can provide how far the terms may differ from eachother and if the terms must have the specified or a randomized order.

- **word 1-n**

Specify the terms in the query seperated by commas. The query terms can be single words or phrases.

- **max_span Optional**

Optionally specify the size of the biggest clump. The default is 100. It returns an error if you specify a number greater than 100. A clump is the smallest group of words in which all query terms occur. All clumps begin an end with a query term.

Use semicolons to seperate the query terms.

- **Order Optional**

Use TRUE to search for terms in the order you specify. The default is FALSE.

Use a semicolon for seperation from max_span

Example:

Search: Search for applicant Eidologic GmbH

Search term: PA !["Eidologic","GMBH";1;TRUE]

Catchphrases

Another particularly are catchphrases Catchphrases. For the search term Catchphrases click on the button . Following select .

You can click on Catchphrases, to transmit it in the search query box. After each catchphrase you can click on the respective button to transmit the Boolean Operators and .

Search fields with special characteristics

- **Grouping TI;AB;CL;DE;PA;IN (TX)**

With the search field TX you can get faster response, if you link the fields Title (TI), Abstract (AB), Claims (CL) or Description (DE) with the fields Applicant (PA) and or Inventor (IN).

Example:

Search: Search for the keyword "Patent" in Abstract and Applicant "Eidologic"

Search string: TX = (PA = "Eidologic" & AB = "Patent")

- **Grouping Evaluation (UX)**

For an exact search in the evaluations you need the search field UX.

Evaluation terms can be searched within the same evaluation dataset.

There is a difference if you search for evaluator Mustermann and criterion notice with or without grouping. In the first example all patents will be found with evaluator Herr Mustermann and any evaluator who has evaluated the patent as notice. The result for the second example will be all patents with evaluator Herr Mustermann, which he also has evaluated with notice.

Example:

Search: Search all patents for evaluator Mustermann, which he has evaluated with notice.

Search string: UX = (UN = "Mustermann" & UB = "Kenntnisnahme")

- **"to be evaluated (UNB)" und "Evaluated (UBW)"**

Use these fields without Comparison Operators!

Example:

Search: Search for all to be evaluated patents and applicant "Eidologic"

Search string: PA = "Eidologic" & UNB

Example:

Search: Search for all to be evaluated patents of evaluator Mustermann

Search string: UX = (UN = "Mustermann" & UNB)

search examples

Search	Search term
applicant: Eidologic	PA = "Eidologic"
applicant: Eidologic publication date: 01.03.1996	PA = "Eidologic" & PD = "01.03.1996"
applicant: Eidologic inventor: Meier grant date: 01.03.1996	PA = "Eidologic" & IN = "Meier" & GD = "01.03.1996"
applicant: Eidologic with wildcard * publication date: 01.03.1996	PA = "Eido*" & PD = "01.03.1996"
Search in the full text of the "Programmabschnitt" and "Administration" with wildcards	BI = ("Programmabschnitt" & "Admin*")
Search for the IPC F17D5/00	IC = "F17D5/00"
Search for the IPC F17D	IC = "F17D*"
Search for the IPC F17D5/ with all subgroups	IC = "F17D5/*"
Search for all to be evaluated patents and applicant "Eidologic"	PA = "Eidologic" & UNB
Search for all to be evaluated patents of the evaluator Mustermann	UX = (UN = "Mustermann" & UNB)
Search for applicant Eidologic GmbH	PA !["Eidologic", "GMBH"; 1; TRUE]

Searchable fields

The table below lists all date fields available for searches.

	Field name	Field	date operator	near operator	null operator
Publication data	Publication number	PN			+
	Publication date	PD	+		+
	Granted date	GD	+		+
	Applicant	PA		+	
	Inventor	IN		+	
	Kind code	PCOD			+
	Family	FY			
Text fields	Title	TI		+	
	Abstract	AB		+	
	Description	DE		+	
	Claims	CL		+	
	Full text data	BI		+	
Application data	Application number	AN			+
	Application date	AD	+		+
Priority data	Priority number	PRN			
	Priority date	PRD	+		
Citations	Citation documents	CT			
Classes	IPC Classes	IC			
	National Classes	NC			
Catchphrases	Catchphrases	CP			
Evaluation	Evaluation evaluator	UN		+	
	Evaluation date	UD	+		
	Evaluation criteria	UB		+	
	Evaluation note	UC		+	
fields with special characteristics	Grouping TI;AB;CL;DE;PA;IN	TX			
	Grouping evaluation to be evaluated	UX UNB			

Below you find a short explanatory description of the searchable data fields.

Publication number (PN)

The publication number is the number of the publication of the patent application. It consists of a country code, document number and type of document code.

Publication date (PD)

Date of the publication of the patent application (INID 43).

Granted date (GD)

Granted date of the patent application (INID 45).

Applicant (PA)

Natural or legal person(s) who has (have) filed the patent application and is (are) entitled to obtain a patent.

Inventor (IN)

Natural person(s) who is (are) the creator(s) or author(s) of the invention.

Kind code (PCOD)

The kind code clearly identifies the different types of documents (eg published patent application, patent specification, utility model)

Family (FY)

For download available family members. The dates consist of publication number of the family members.

Title (TI)

The designation of the patent application patent or utility model.

Abstract (AB)

Concise summary of the invention disclosed in the description, the patent claims and the drawings for the purpose of providing technical information.

Description (DE)

Explanation of the subject-matter of the invention, usually supplemented by embodiments of the invention. The description originates from the A-Patent from Espacnet.

Claims (CL)

Description of the essential subject-matter of the invention for which protection is sought. After the grant the claims determine the scope of protection of the patent. The claims originates from the A-Patent from Espacnet.

Full text data (BI)

Collective term for description, claims, title and abstract.

Application number (AN)

The official file number accorded to the patent application upon filing by the patent authority.

Application date (AD)

The day of the regular filing of the patent application with the patent authority.

Priority number (PRN)

The file number of the first application of a patent with a patent authority of a country of the Paris Union (Paris Convention)(PVÜ).

Priority date (PRD)

The day when the first application of a patent with a patent was duly filed with a patent authority of a country of the Paris Union (Paris Convention)(PVÜ).

Cited documents (CT)

Publication numbers of patent documents and non-patent literature in technical journals, books etc., which are ascertained by patent examiners in the search or examination procedure. The data is only existing, if it is available at the official databases at the time of download.

IPC classes (IC)

This field allows simultaneous searching within the IPC classes. There is no difference between main, secondary, additional and index classes. All IPC classes will be saved in the format for presentation of classifications symbols according to WIPO Standard ST.10/C, without declaration of the version, so in that format in which the IPC classes appear in the publication.

National classes (NC)

Search in the National classes. This field consists all national classes, if the patent offices have own classifications and they also make available them for download. Examples are the classes from the European Patent Office and the US Patent Office.

Catchphrases (CP)

Search for own catchphrases.

Evaluation Evaluator (UN)

Search for user id respectively clear text name of the evaluator of a patent document.

Evaluation date (UD)

Registration day of a patent evaluation.

Evaluation criteria (UB)

Search for the evaluation criteria of a patent document.

Evaluation note (UC)

Search for the evaluation note of a patent document.

Grouping TI;AB;CL;DE;PA;IN (TX)

Grouping search in the search fields Title (TI), Abstract (AB), Claims (CL), Description (DE), Applicant (PA) und Inventor (IN).

Grouping Evaluation (UX)

Grouping search in the evaluations.

to be evaluated (UNB)

Search for to be evaluated patent documents.

evaluated (UBW)

Search for evaluated patent documents.

Archive depending on user authorization

Using the archives you can select individual patents, patent applications and / or utility of your interest and store them separately for more searches or evaluations at a later date. The archive is owned by a single user, different users therefore have different archives.

Go to *Archive* do:

1. Queries
 1. Archive

Fill Archives

1. A hit is displayed, because you want to put in the archive.
2. Click archive in the left menu on the link to drop the selected hit in the archive. The Hit example result of different successive research carried out.
3. Repeat as needed for other hit the previous steps and fill so gradually the archive.

Note!

You can not select a hit in the hit list to add the hit to the archive.

Research in Archives

1. Click in the menu Hit on Archive to open your archive.
2. Find now within your archives similar to the search with filters.

Remove entry from Archive

in the hit Hit list of your archive

1. Check the checkbox of last column to remove from the hit list.
2. Click the button Remove from archive, to remove the selected patent from the Archive.
3. With then buttons and , you can select or unselect all lines.

At the Hit

1. A hit is selected that you want to remove from your Archive.
2. In the Menü Hit click on Remove from archive to remove from your Archive.
3. If necessary, repeat the previous steps for other hit and gradually remove various hit from the archive.

Evaluation in the hit list of your archive optional

You will find the evaluation buttons below the hit list or in the left menu. Click on to show the menu. In the left menu, click on in "Your Evaluate:" to show the evaluation buttons.

Check the checkbox of last column to evaluate. Then click on the corresponding evaluation button.

With then buttons and , you can select or unselect all lines.